

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

INDIANAPOLIS, MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6, 1888.

SUBSCRIBER

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## HURRAH!

What will it profit you, whether you hurrah during the entire campaign for Harrison or Cleveland, for Matson or Porter, if you neglect to accept the figures we now offer, and provide yourself with better clothing at a lower price than ever before known in Indiana.

A \$10 Suit for \$6.

A \$15 Suit for \$7.50.

An \$18 Suit for \$10.

Come and see the goods.

## ORIGINAL EAGLE

5 and 7 W. Washington St.

## TRAVELERS' INDEX.

### KANKAKEE LINE

(BIG FOUR RAIL-ROADS)

August 7th we will send round-trip tickets to Cincinnati for \$3.00, including the fare and the fare of the boat.

In this city, so famous for its many and so good, the Exposition is the best of the kind in the world.

The Exposition is the best of the kind in the world.

Edibles all the former great efforts in the way of beautiful, instructive amusement. It should be seen by everybody.

THE ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN

Is the finest on the continent. A whole day of pleasure and sight-seeing can be enjoyed in this lovely park, filled with the most perfect specimens of the birds of the air, the beasts of the field and the fishes of the sea.

Are places of pleasure, indeed, but not weather.

CONY ISLAND.

If you want fun and a good order, is at the end of the most delightful steamboat ride on the finest river in the world.

CINCINNATI AND RETURN, including admission to the Exposition, or "Fall of Babylon," every day, \$4.00.

Chicago, one way, \$3.70.

Don't forget the grand trip to New York and Boston via the C. & O. and Chesapeake and Delaware.

TIME CARD.

CINCINNATI DIVISION.

Depart... 3:30am... 11:45am... 5:00pm... 8:20pm

Arrive... 3:30am... 11:45am... 5:00pm... 8:20pm

CINCINNATI DIVISION-SUNDAY TRAINS.

Depart... 3:30am... 11:45am... 5:00pm... 8:20pm

Arrive... 3:30am... 11:45am... 5:00pm... 8:20pm

For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and all information call at Union Depot or Model Ticket Office, corner Washington and Meridian streets.

J. H. MARTIN, Dist. Pass. Agt.

## INDIANA AND ILLINOIS.

### Arrangements for the Coming Encampment of State Militia at Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 5.—Arrangements are in progress, and will soon be completed, for the Indiana State military encampment, to be held here from Aug. 20 to 27. The State militia will be encamped, and there will be prize drills and day and night alarm duties. Prizes are offered amounting to a large sum, and \$2,500 will be awarded for infantry and military contests by local companies and batteries from a distance.

There will also be parades and prize drills by Knights of Pythias. The presence of Indiana and large cities outside will hold a feast. The commercial travelers will parade in large numbers. The Governor of Indiana and State officers will be here. There will be a chorus by 1,500 children. The Klan of Komus will parade. There will be fireworks, illuminations and excellent music. This is expected to be one of the grandest exhibitions of the kind in the history of Indiana. Half-fare rates will be given by railroads and steamboats. The Business Men's Association is managing the affair.

### Died of Starvation and Exposure.

FAIRMOUNT, Ind., Aug. 4.—For several weeks there has been notice in the vicinity of Oakwood, a few miles north of this place, a stranger wandering around from place to place and apparently shivering every body, hiding in the corn-fields and woods thereabouts. Yesterday his body was discovered in a thick bottom of undergrowth, near the Middlefork bridge. In a coat found near the body was a letter written by Mary Farrell to Thomas Farrell, dated in Rock, W. T. It is supposed that the writer was the wife of the deceased. The man was insane, and died of starvation and exposure.

### Young Tramp Badly Injured.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENSBURG, Ind., Aug. 5.—Last evening two colored boot-black tramps were put off the local freight at Smith's Crossing, east of here. As the train started they attempted to get on, and one fell under the wheels, which cut off a foot. He was taken on to Newport, where medical aid was rendered and the foot amputated. Later he was taken to a hospital at Cincinnati. The unfortunate boy is about seventeen years old, and said his home is at Macon, Ga.

### Found Dead in His House.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 5.—Mr. Edward Craft, a well-known citizen, brother of the late Gen. Chas. Craft, was found dead to-day. He had not been seen for several days; his family was out of the city, and no one noticed his absence. The coroner pronounced the cause of death to have been heart disease, and is of the opinion that death occurred on Thursday. The body was lying on the floor, face downward, and was in a horrible condition.

### Indiana Notes.

A K. of P. lodge has been instituted at Hagerstown.

Elder S. F. Fowler, pastor of the Christian Church at Franklin, has accepted a call to the Third Christian Church at Louisville, Ky., and will take charge of his new field Sept. 16.

While plastering a house at Rockville, on Friday, Fred Bowers and Sol Deater, of Lagrange, were struck by lightning. Deater being instantly killed and Bowers so injured that he died in a short time. Bowers leaves a small family.

Michael Riehebecker, of Seymour, aged about twenty years, a prosperous and prominent German citizen, and the father of a large family, committed suicide, Friday evening, by hanging himself to a rafter in his barn with a clothes-line. Marital infidelity.

### Illinois Items.

William Camphouse, of Galena, an old resident, and sergeant of Company I, Nineteenth Illinois Infantry in the late war, was struck and killed by gas Thursday night.

George Day, a man about twenty-five years old, was drowned in the coal mine at Taylorville. He was working a scaffolding, and fell into about nine feet of water and sank to the bottom, where he remained until fished out.

Two sons of Joseph Welch were supposed drowned in the Sangamon river, just north of Monticello, on Friday. One of them was rescued by the physician, but the other, aged ten years, was beyond recovery. They had gone into the stream to bathe.

John Brown, a wealthy farmer residing near Hillsboro, was shot twice by M. D. Britton, brother of Representative Britton. One ball penetrated Brown's body and another passed through his neck. He is now paralyzed and will die. Britton married a sister of Brown's a few years ago and she died. Later he paid court to another sister of Brown's, to which the latter objected. Hence the tragedy.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

MONDAY—Generally fair, slightly warmer weather.

## "Is This It-Enough for You?"

We seized the individual who came into our store with that question, while he mopped his forehead, conducted him gently but firmly to the rear, where we fitted him out with a complete suit of thin underwear at one fifth under price. Then we fitted him with a fancy Summer Shirt at the same rate. Walked him over to the Clothing Department and gave him some Cassimere at the same reduction. Put a 25 cent Hat on his head, and then he found his tongue, and cried: "It isn't half hot enough; I'm cool as ice-cream soda."

## Greatest Sale on Record still going on.

## THE WHEN

### BASE-BALL.

Scores of Games Played Yesterday by Clubs of the American Association.

ATLETICS, 6; KANSAS CITY, 0.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 5.—The Athletics and Kansas City clubs played off a championship game, this afternoon, the former winning through strong and timely work with the bat. The Kansas City men were unable to hit Seward to any advantage. The fielding, considering the character of the ground, was excellent. McCann was sick and retired in the fourth inning, in favor of Brennan. Attendance, 3,000. Score:

ATLETICS. R B PO A E KANSAS CITY. R B PO A E

Welch, 2 0 1 2 0 Hamilton, 2 0 0 0 0

Stovey, 1 0 1 2 0 M'Tym, 0 0 0 0 0

Lorenz, 3 2 2 3 1 Brennan, 0 0 0 0 0

Lyons, 0 0 1 2 0 Henry, 2 0 0 0 0

Brauer, 2 1 2 0 0 Phillips, 1 0 0 1 3

Gleason, 0 0 0 1 0 Davis, 2 2 2 4 0

Bacon, 0 1 1 2 0 Glenn, 1 0 4 0 0

Seward, 1 1 0 6 9 Donovan, 0 0 0 0 0

Portman, 1 2 4 0 0 Osterday, 0 0 1 3 0

Porter, 0 0 0 1 4 0

Totals... 6 11 27 23 4 Totals... 0 4 27 14 3

Score by innings:

Philadelphia 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 2 1-6

Kansas City 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Earned runs—Athletics, 2. Two-base hits—Larkin, Robinson. Three-base hit—Stovey. Stolen bases—Fennell, Brennan (2). Home runs—Lorenz. Doubles—Lorenz, Stovey. Errors—Phillips, Davis, Barker, Lyons, Miller, King (2), Terry, McCann. Time—1:30. Umpire—Ferguson.

ST. LOUIS, 3; BROOKLYN, 1.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Just 6,442 people saw the game at Ridgewood Park, Brooklyn, to-day, between Brooklyn and St. Louis. It was a sharply played game, and interesting throughout. A base on balls, an error by Burdock, and Latham's two-bagger gave St. Louis a run in the third inning. Brooklyn got rattled in the fourth and presented St. Louis with two runs. Hits by O'Neil and Comiskey, an error by Terry, and a silly play by Burdock gave the two runs. Brooklyn scored one in the first on a base on balls, an error by White, and a hit by Fouts. Score:

ST. LOUIS. R B PO A E BROOKLYN. R B PO A E

Latham, 2 0 1 1 1 O'Brien, 1 0 2 0 0

Robinson, 1 0 2 3 0 Fouts, 1 0 2 0 0

Comiskey, 1 0 1 2 0 O'Brien, 0 0 0 0 0

Robinson, 1 1 1 1 1 O'Brien, 0 0 2 1 1

McCoy, 0 0 0 1 0 Smith, 0 0 2 1 0

Lyons, 0 0 1 2 0 O'Brien, 0 0 0 0 0

White, 0 0 1 1 1 O'Brien, 0 0 2 0 0

Miller, 0 0 0 4 0 Burdock, 2 0 1 0 4

King, 0 0 1 0 7 People, 0 0 0 0 0

Totals... 3 4 27 19 1 Totals... 1 6 27 19 2

Score by innings:

St. Louis 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 3-6

Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1-1

Two-base hit—Latham. Double play—Terry, Fouts and People. Stolen bases—Latham, O'Brien. First base on balls—King, O'Brien (2), Carothers. Struck out—Robinson (2), Comiskey, Lyons, Carothers, Miller, King (2), Terry, McCann. Time—1:30. Umpire—Ferguson.

CINCINNATI, 6; CLEVELAND, 5.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 5.—The Cincinnati should have won to-day's game easily, but by wretched fielding they allowed the visitors to tie the score in the eighth inning. The following innings were bitterly contested. The local men won in the fifteenth on Mullane's single, two sacrifice hits, and Riley's clean drive into left for a base. Stricker, at second, played a magnificent game. White, Hotaling and Fennell also did brilliant work. The attendance was 3,600. Score:

CINCINNATI. R B PO A E CLEVELAND. R B PO A E

Nicol, 1 0 1 2 1 Stricker, 0 0 6 5 2

McKay, 2 0 1 7 0 McKean, 2 0 2 2 0

Riley, 1 0 1 2 1 Fantz, 1 2 1 4 0

Baldwin, 0 0 2 10 4 Holt, 1 1 6 0 0

Combs, 0 0 2 0 2 Gilks, 1 0 0 0 0

Carpart, 3 0 1 3 1 Galt, 0 0 0 1 0

Fennell, 1 2 2 7 1 Albert, 3 0 1 3 0

McQuade, 1 1 0 6 0 Basky, 0 0 1 0 2

Totals... 6 12 45 59 8 Totals... 5 9 45 17 5

Score by innings:

Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1-6

Cleveland 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-5

Earned runs—Cincinnati, 4; Cleveland, 0. Two-base hits—Nicol, McKean, Fantz, Goodfellow. Doubles—Stricker and Fantz. Nien and Riley. First base on balls—Nicol, Fennell, McKean. Hit by pitched ball—McKean. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 5; Cleveland, 5. Struck out—Tebben, Stricker (2), McKean, Albert, Basky, and Galt. Ball—Baldwin. Wild pitch—Mullane. Time—2:33. Umpire—McQuade.

### Game at Muncie.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Aug. 5.—About 500 people witnessed a game of base-ball this afternoon between the Globes, of this city, and the Portland team. Score:

Muncie 12 2 8 1 4 0-24

Portland 0 0 1 0 1 2-4

Globe battery—Harper and Young.

### Game at Terre Haute.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Aug. 5.—Terre Haute defeated Evansville by a score of 8 to 1. Earned runs—Terre Haute, 3. Base hits—Evansville, 3; Terre Haute, 7. Batteries—Evansville, Stallman and Webber; Terre Haute, Hendrich and Bannin.

### Base-Ball Notes.

The Young Easterns yesterday defeated the Young Citizens at the Big Four yards. Score, 6 to 3. Batteries—Easterns, Morgan and Callahan; Citizens, Griffin and Conner.

The Young Hustlers defeated the Young Mets by a score of 13 to 11. The feature of the game was a home run by Campbell. The batteries were Phil and Conner for the Mets, and O'Neil and Kramer for the Hustlers.

### Policeman Fatally Shot by a Boy.

HASTINGS, Neb., Aug. 5.—On the arrival of the Burlington 6, Missouri train, this morning, the depot police attempted to arrest Ulysses Nelson, alias George Wilson, colored, on a charge of robbery. Nelson, who is only fourteen years old, resisted arrest, and shot and probably fatally wounded policeman Balcomb. The boy then fled, followed by a crowd, which pressed him so closely that he turned and fired again, wounding a railroad employee named Clark. He was finally captured and lodged in jail. If Balcomb dies trouble is anticipated.

### Strike of Street-Car Employees.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 5.—At 4 o'clock Sunday morning the 400 employees of the Brooklyn Cross-town street railroad quit work because of discharge of a driver and conductor for bringing a car into the street ahead of schedule time. The company tried to run cars with new men, but gave it up at noon on account of obstructions placed on the track, and attacks made upon drivers and conductors. The road will be operated to-morrow under sufficient police protection to prevent interference.

## GEN. PHIL SHERIDAN DEAD

Sudden and Unexpected Demise, at 10:20 Last Night, of the General of the Army.

### Up to Within Less than an Hour of His Death He Seemed Bright and Hopeful, and There Was Nothing to Indicate a Relapse.

### The Family and the Doctors Make the Usual Preparations for the Night,

But the General Is Suddenly Attacked by Heart-Failure Which the Physicians Fail to Overcome, and the End Comes Quickly.

Nonquitt, Mass., Aug. 5.—General Sheridan died at 10:20 P. M. There began to be signs of heart failure at 9:30, previous to which there had been no unfavorable indication. The General had been somewhat restless on account of the heat, but seemed generally bright and cheerful to-day. His voice was strong, he took full nourishment, and slept occasionally, as usual. The doctors and the family were in hopeful spirits. Mrs. Sheridan and the doctors went to the hotel for supper at 7 o'clock, and on returning the usual preparations for the night were made. Colonel Sheridan said "good night" to his brother about 9:20, and went to the hotel. There had been no apprehension felt. When the bad symptoms appeared Doctors Matthews and O'Reilly applied the remedies which had been effective in former attacks, but they now had no effect, and the General gradually sank into complete unconsciousness, ending in the quiet cessation of life at 10:20 P. M. Mrs. Sheridan, the sisters, Mahan and Justina, and the body servant, Klein, were present during the General's last moments.

No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral. In a bulletin issued at midnight the doctors say that the immediate cause of death was heart failure. The remote cause was disease of the mitral and aortic valves. The complications which have occurred have been nervous exhaustion, pulmonary regurgitation, anasarca and hemorrhages. He was restless to-day, but not more so than he has been several times since his arrival at Nonquitt. At about 9:30 symptoms of heart failure suddenly appeared, and he sank rapidly, dying peacefully at the hour named.

The following official bulletin was issued at midnight:

"General Sheridan died at 10:20 this evening. The immediate cause of death was heart failure. The remote cause was disease of the mitral and aortic valves, the existence of which was known to his physicians, to himself, and to his family, in November of last year. The complications which have occurred have been nervous exhaustion, pulmonary regurgitation, anasarca, and hemorrhages. He was restless to-day, but not more so than he has been several times since his arrival at Nonquitt. At about 9:30 symptoms of heart failure suddenly appeared, and he sank rapidly, dying peacefully at the hour named."

"ROBERT M. O'REILLY, Surgeon U. S. Army."

"WASHINGTON MATTHEWS, Assistant Surgeon U. S. Army."

The illness which has just resulted in General Sheridan's death, commenced on the 12th of May, immediately after his return to Washington from a tour of inspection out West. He complained of feeling unwell and worn out, but came down to the office each day for about a week. He was then forced to remain in-doors, and on Tuesday, May 22, had a severe attack of heart failure, which greatly alarmed his family and physicians. On account of the fact that the news would have on the General's mother, who was aged and in ill health, an endeavor was made to keep the more alarming phases of his illness from the public, and was not until the end of that week that the physicians admitted the true character of the disease. On Friday of the week ending May 26 he had several attacks of heart failure, and these increased in violence with each succeeding attack. The history of his relapses and recoveries is familiar to the readers of the daily press. With the approach of warm weather it was decided by the physicians, after several consultations, that the patient must be removed, as he would be utterly unable, in his weakened condition, to withstand a period of prolonged heat. Accordingly, on Saturday, June 2, he was, after several delays, placed on board the United States steamer Swatara and taken last night to Nonquitt, Mass., where he reached after several stops, caused by recurrences of the heart trouble.

The General had made his will and all preparations for death, and was ready to face it, though resolutely determined that life should not be given up without a severe struggle on his part. He leaves a wife, the daughter of Gen. Rucker, and four small children—three girls and one boy.

### The News at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Owing to the lateness of the hour at which the news of General Sheridan's death was received, it is impossible to get any information from the more important public officials. Neither the President nor Secretary of War has heard of the death of the commander of the army, and the first news containing it was received from an Associated Press reporter. One of the servants of Colonel Latham, however, was awakened by an Associated Press reporter and informed of the sad news. He said that he would not communicate it to the President until morning. One of the servants of Secretary Endicott's was notified of the death, but he declined to awaken the Secretary to communicate the news to him.

### Telling the Bell.

BOSTON, Aug. 5.—The free-alarm bells in this city were tolled for half an hour to-night upon receipt of the news of General Sheridan's death.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 5.—All the fire bells are tolling in consequence of news of General Sheridan's death, and will continue tolling for one hour. Flags are going to half-mast, and to-morrow all flags on public buildings of every description will be lowered.

### The Story of a Brilliant Career.

Philip Henry Sheridan was born in Porcy county, Ohio, March 8, 1831. He entered the United States Military Academy as a cadet July 1, 1848, remaining there until July 1, 1853, when he was graduated and promoted in the army to the position of brevet second lieutenant of infantry, going to the garrison at Newport Barracks, Kentucky, and from there to frontier duty at Fort Duncan, Tex., in 1854, and thence to La Pena and Turkey creek. He was made second lieutenant of the Fourth Infantry Nov. 22, 1854, after which he was on frontier duty,

## eschorting a topographical surveying party from the Sacramento valley, California, to the Colorado river, Oregon, and the Yakima river, at Fort Vancouver, W. T., scouting in defense of the Cascades at Grand Ronde reservation, Fort Haskins and Fort Yamhill. These various expeditions and services occupied the time from 1854 to 1861. On March 1, 1861, he was made first lieutenant in the Fourth Infantry, and May 14, 1861, he was commissioned captain in the Tenth Infantry. He was president of the board of auditing claims at St. Louis from Nov. 18 to Dec. 26; chief quartermaster and commissary of the Army of Southwest Missouri from Dec. 26, 1861, to March 13, 1862; in the Mississippi campaign until September, 1862; was made colonel of the Second Michigan Heavy Artillery May 23, 1862, and on May 23 commanded a brigade of the Army of Tennessee, Miss., in pursuit of the rebels from Corinth to Baldwin, participating in skirmishes at Booneville, Blackland, Donaldson, Crossroads, and Baldwin, June, 1862, and the action of Booneville, July 1, 1862, when he was commissioned on that date brigadier-general of volunteers. He commanded the Eleventh Division, Army of the Ohio, from October, 1862, on the advance into Kentucky, being engaged in the battle of Perryville, Oct. 8, and on March 1, 1863, he was relieved of duty at Nashville in October and November, 1863; was in command of a division of the Army of the Cumberland in the Tennessee campaign from November, 1862, to September, 1863, taking an active part in the battle of Stone River. He was made major-general of volunteers Dec. 31, 1862. He was in pursuit of the rebels from Nashville to Chattanooga, and was at the battle of Chickamauga, the operations in and about Chattanooga, and actively engaged in the battle of Missionary Ridge, Nov. 23, 1863, and was Chief of Staff of the East Tennessee campaign until March, 1864. From April 4 to Aug. 3, 1864, he was in command of the cavalry corps of the Army of the Potomac, and with 10,000 men he was actively employed in operations in the Wilderness, and between it and Richmond in May, June, and July. While mainly employed in reconnaissance and in protecting the flank of the army, his corps made several vigorous raids, cutting off railway connections and capturing important stores, was more than twenty times engaged with the Confederate cavalry, and took an important part in the actions in and about Cold Harbor. On Aug. 4 he was placed in command of the Cavalry Corps of the Army of the Potomac, and on Sept. 1, 1864, he was in command of the Middle Military Division. He defeated General Early at the Opequan, Sept. 3, and on the following day he made a brilliant victory over the United States army. He was Fisher's Hill Sept. 22, and at Cedar Creek Oct. 19, where he turned a rout into a brilliant victory, for which he was promoted to major-general. From Feb. 27 to March 24, 1865, he was engaged in the raid from Winchester to Petersburg, during which he destroyed the famous iron works of the Confederate army, and important railway connection, destroyed military and commissary stores, and had numerous skirmishes with the enemy. From March 25 to April 1, he was in the Richmond campaign, and on April 1 he gained the battle of Five Forks, which insured the abandonment by the confederates of Petersburg and Richmond, and led to the capture of Gen. Lee. He was present at the capitulation, April 9, at Appomattox Court-house. He was appointed to the command of the military division of the Gulf July 3, 1866, and of the Department of the Gulf July 15, 1866, of the Fifth military district, including Louisiana and Texas, March 11, 1867, of the department of the Missouri, and headquarters at St. Louis, Sept. 12, and on March 4, 1869, upon the accession of General Sherman to the position of general, made vacant by the inauguration of General Grant, he was made lieutenant-general and assigned to the command of the division of the Missouri, including the departments of Dakota, of Missouri, of the Plateau and Texas, with headquarters at Chicago, which position he held to take command of the army of the United States, the position having been made vacant by the retiring of General Sherman.

## In the latter part of May the General was very low, and on the 27th his death was thought imminent, but he rallied, only to experience a relapse, and died at 10:20 P. M. On the 29th of May Senator Manderson introduced a bill reviving the rank of general, and the Senate passed it, and on Nov. 1, 1869, it was adopted by the House on the 1st of June, and on the same day the President commissioned him general of the army.

## The Succession.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—With the death of General Sheridan the rank of lieutenant-general